

API First with "Patterns for API Design": Your Personal API Design Process?

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Slides

Key Messages

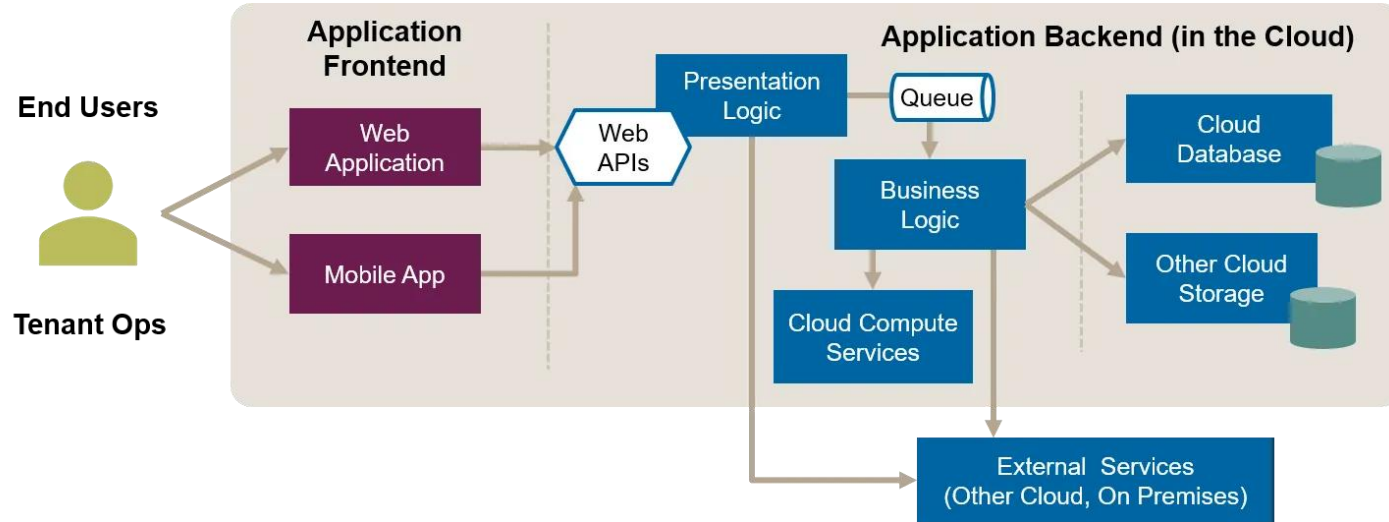
- **API design** is hard... problems and concepts stay while technologies come and go
- Patterns make design **knowledge** timeless – but **concrete and actionable** still
- We mined 44 API design **patterns** from personal experience and community insights
- These [“Patterns for API Design”](#) support API first practices nicely
- They complement **API-first design processes** such as ADDR
- *Agenda for afternoon sessions:*
 - Top 5 patterns deep dive, interest-driven and interactive
 - Design space discussion on Asynchronous APIs:
Questions, Options, Criteria (QOC)

API Design is Hard...

a Wicked Problem



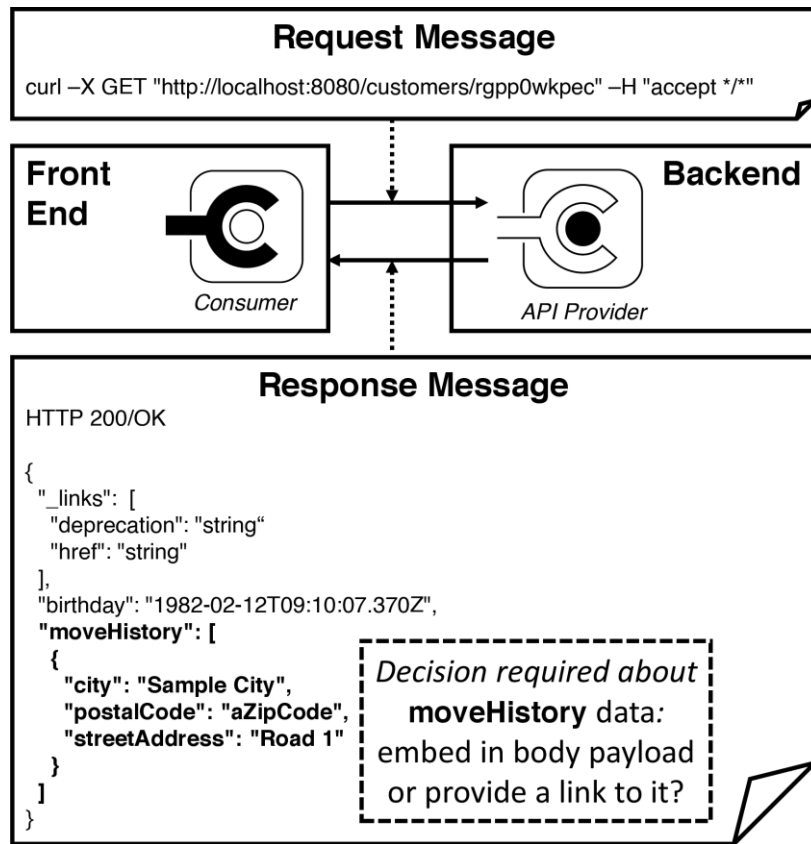
Context/Example: Frontend-Backend Integration



<https://medium.com/olzzio/what-is-a-cloud-native-application-anyway-part-1-8241e9c71a62>

Web API Example

- API clients send requests and API providers send responses to them
 - Often JSON over HTTP
 - Many other protocols and formats (old and new)
- Data contracts matter
 - Often part of OpenAPI Specification (OAS)
 - JSON Schema
 - Protocol Buffers



Reference: Figure 4.1 in Patterns for API Design, Addison Wesley 2022

Help, I need to design an API!

What are the important questions and driving forces?

**Existing and New
Capabilities**

Complexity of
systems

Emerging Technologies

Quality goals,
security needs

**Design Forces
(aka Daily Business)**

Project pressure,
legacy system constraints

Feature Change Requests

Change dynamics

**Guidelines
(Corporate, Community)**

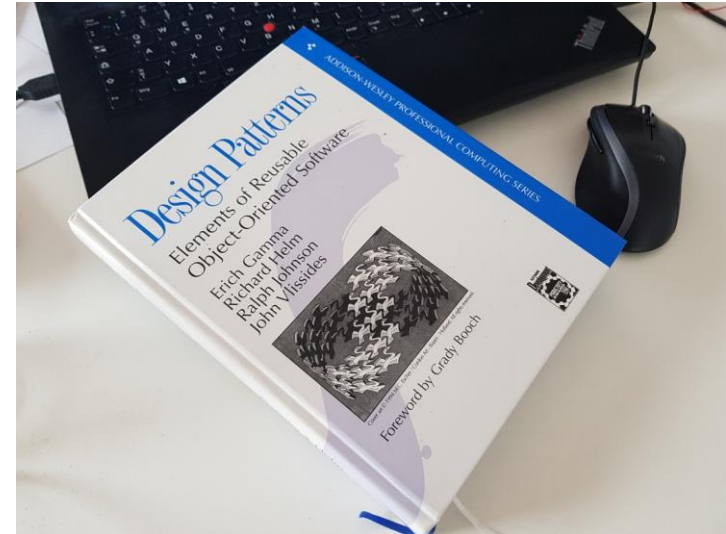
“Patterns for API Design”: Motivation and Overview



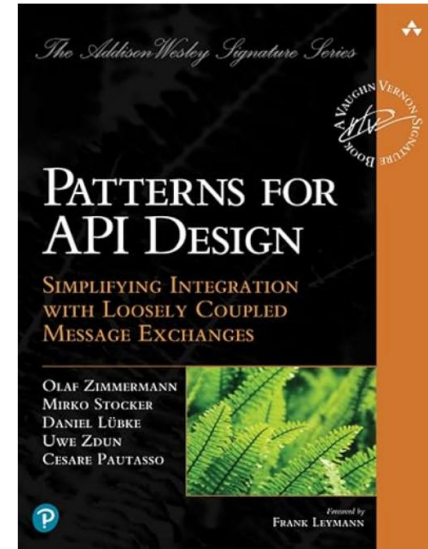
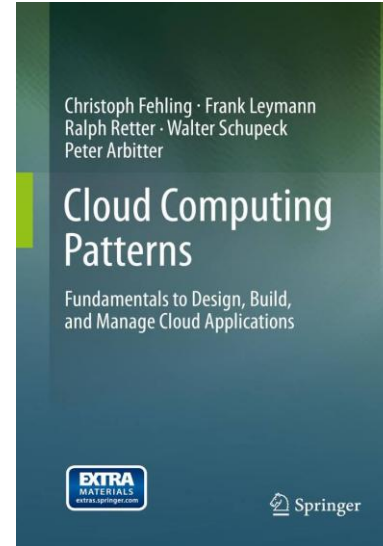
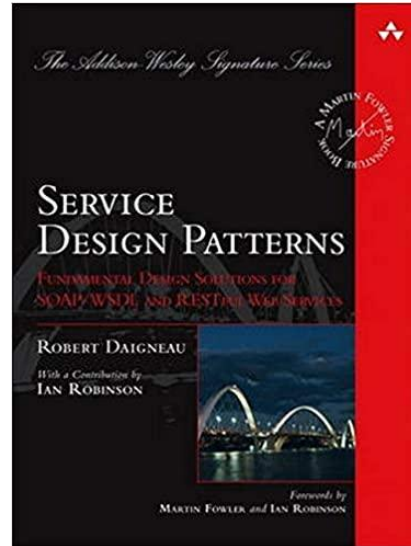
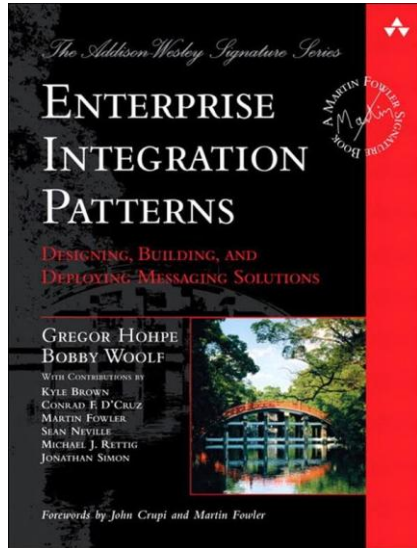
Why Patterns?

Patterns collect and document community experience – proven solutions to common, recurring problems

- Different pattern templates, themes:
 - *Name*, Icon
 - *Context*: Intent, motivation and applicability
 - *Solution* structure and its *forces*
 - *Consequences*: Benefits and liabilities
 - *Examples* and implementation hints
 - Pointers to *related patterns*
 - *Known uses*
- Community processes/practices:
 - Shepherding (coaching)
 - Writers' workshops
 - Rule of three (known uses)



Existing Patterns Relevant for Remote API Design

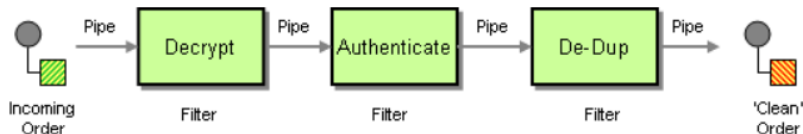


Patterns abstract and generalize to sustain; they are mined, not invented

Pattern Example 1: Pipes and Filters

<https://www.enterpriseintegrationpatterns.com/patterns/messaging/PipesAndFilters.html>

How can we perform complex processing on a message while maintaining independence and flexibility?



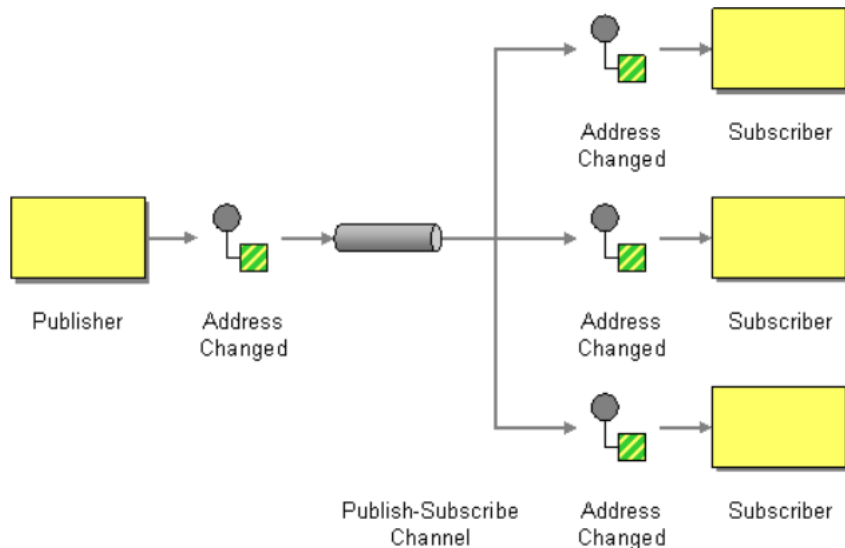
Use the *Pipes and Filters* architectural style to divide a larger processing task into a sequence of smaller, independent processing steps (Filters) that are connected by channels (Pipes).

- **Forces:**
 - Separation of concerns, reuse and (de-)composition, concurrency
- **Known uses:**
 - UNIX, application integration flows, Extract-Transform-Load (ETL)
 - Many products and open source projects for these and other usage scenarios

Pattern Example 2: Publish-Subscribe

An application is using *Messaging* to announce events.

How can the sender broadcast an event to all interested receivers?



- **Forces:**

- Coupling dimensions
- Message semantics

- **Known uses:**

- Messaging systems such as ActiveMQ and RabbitMQ
- Apache Kafka
- Managed cloud services (AWS, Azure, ...)

Send the event on a *Publish-Subscribe Channel*, which delivers a copy of a particular event to each receiver.

<https://www.enterpriseintegrationpatterns.com/patterns/messaging/PublishSubscribeChannel.html>

Our Pattern Categories and Questions Answered

Foundation Patterns

- Which types of (sub-)systems and components are integrated?
- From where should an API be accessible?
- How should it be documented?

Responsibility Patterns

- What is the architectural role played by each API endpoint?
- How do these roles and the operation responsibilities realizing them impact (micro-)service cuts and granularity?

Structure Patterns

- What is an adequate number of representation elements for request and response messages?
- How should these elements be structured?
- How can they be grouped and annotated with usage instructions?

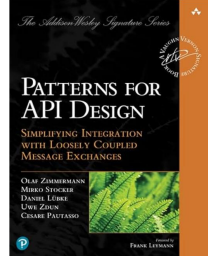
Quality Patterns

- How can an API provider achieve a certain level of quality of the offered API, while using its available resources in a cost-effective way?
- How can the quality tradeoffs be communicated and accounted for?

Evolution Patterns

- How to deal with lifecycle management concerns such as support periods and versioning?
- How to promote backward compatibility and communicate breaking changes?

<https://api-patterns.org/categories>



Meet the Authors

(and the Book Content)



Olaf Zimmermann



Mirko Stocker



Uwe Zdun



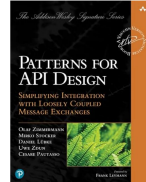
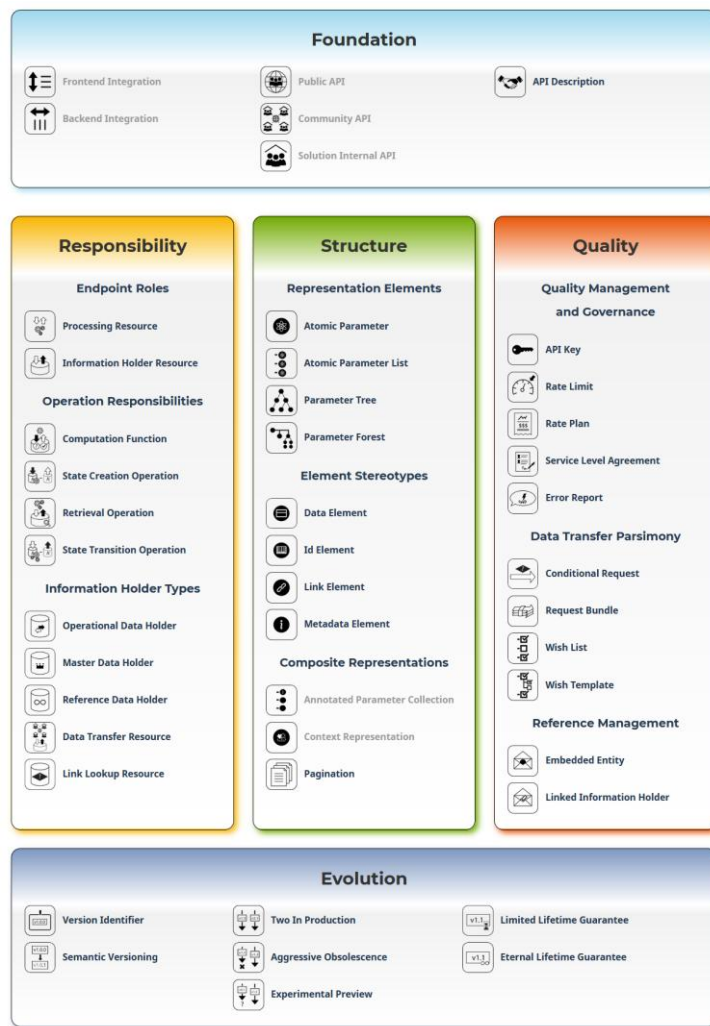
Daniel Lübke



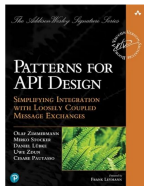
Cesare Pautasso

<https://api-patterns.org>

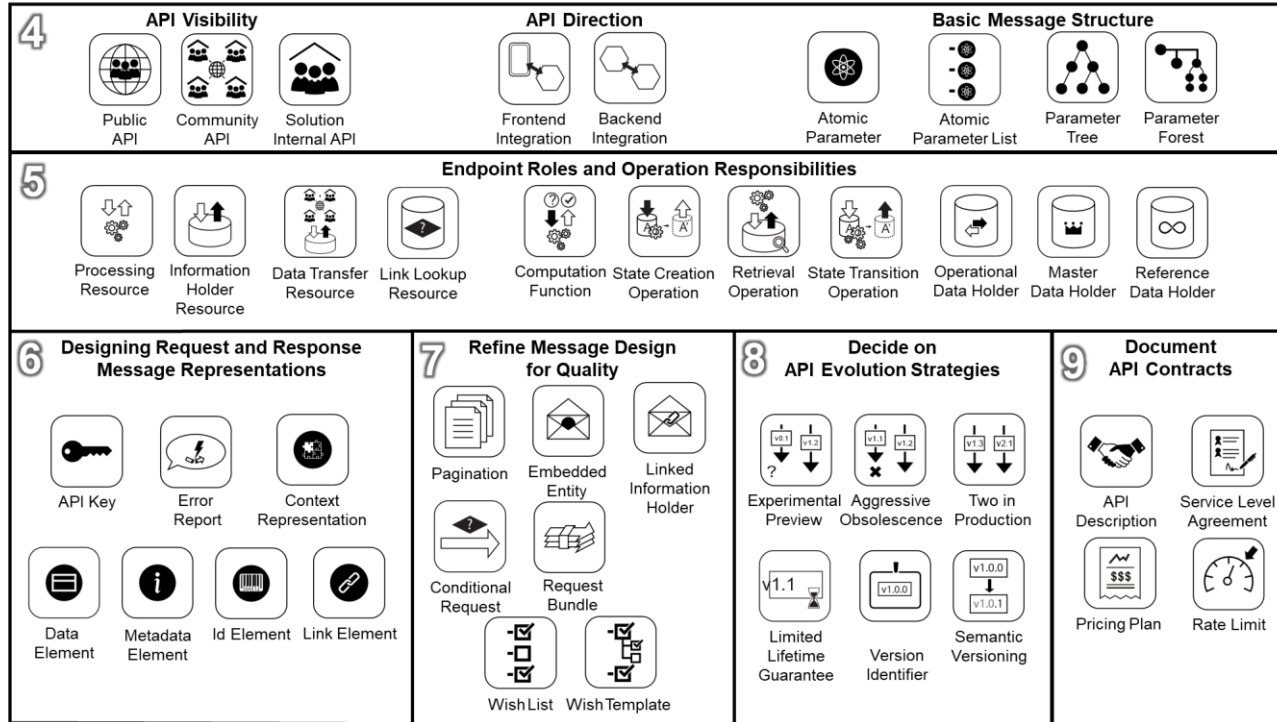
© Olaf Zimmermann and Daniel Lübke, 2025.



Selected Patterns from the Book (and the Web)



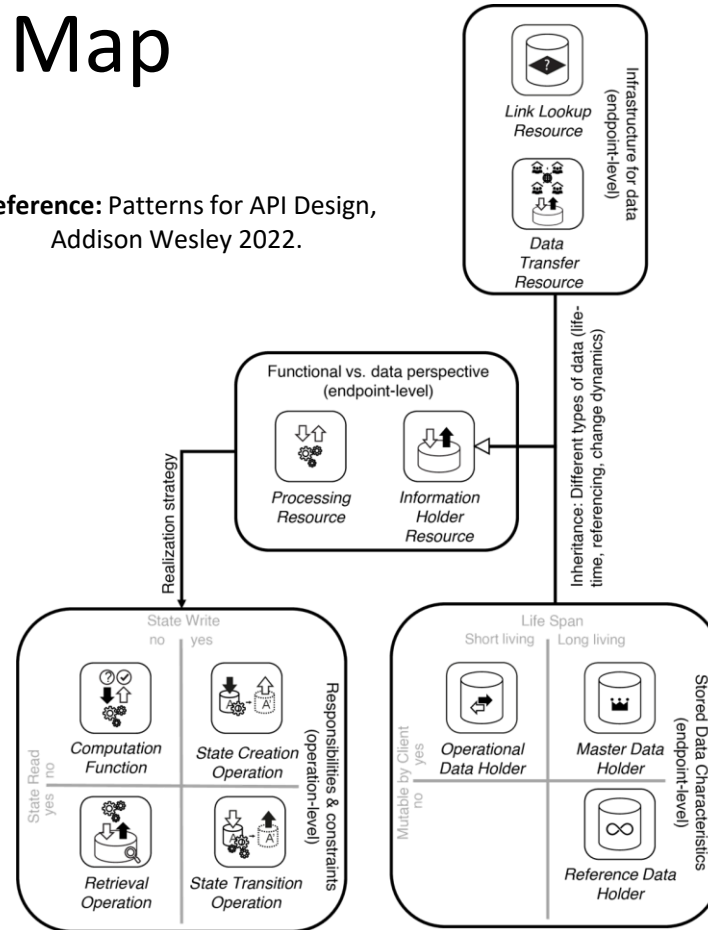
Patterns as a Design Guide and/or Checklist



Responsibility Patterns Map

- Which architectural role should an API endpoint play?
- What is the responsibility of each API operation?

Reference: Patterns for API Design,
Addison Wesley 2022.



<https://eprints.cs.univie.ac.at/6520/1/MAP-EuroPlop2020aPaper.pdf>

Processing Resource

- **Context**

- Activity-oriented semantics of story

- **Forces**

- Contract expressiveness and service granularity (and their impact on coupling)
- Learnability and manageability
- Semantic interoperability
- Response time
- Security and privacy
- Compatibility and evolvability

Endpoint Roles



Processing Resource



How can an API provider allow its clients to trigger an action in it?

Add a Processing Resource endpoint to the API exposing operations that bundle and wrap application-level activities or commands.

<https://api-patterns.org/patterns/responsibility/endpointRoles/ProcessingResource.html>

Processing Resource

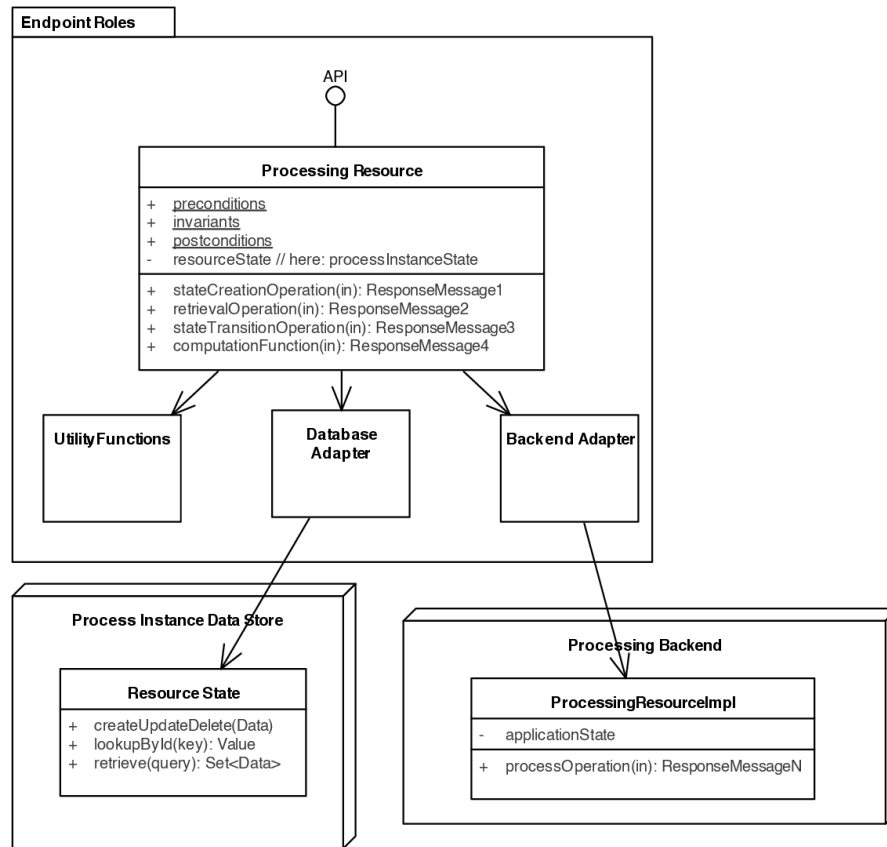
- **Design issues:**

- Backend interface
- Transaction management
- Idempotency

- **Implementation hints:**

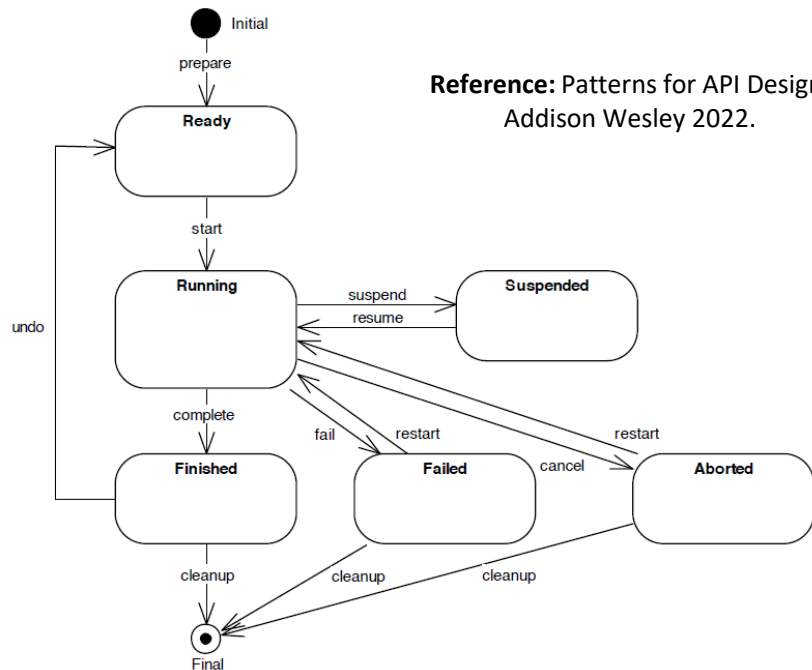
- Framework support available
- Domain-driven design as input
- Testing matters

Reference: Patterns for API Design, Addison Wesley 2022.



Frontend BPM vs. BPM-as-a-Service

- Business Activity Processor variant of State Transition Operation pattern
 - Book, website [archive](#), EuroPLOP 2020 paper
- Each API operation realizes one state transition, whose mileage may vary:
 - Entire business process
 - Single activity
- General state machine to be adapted according to domain requirements
 - E.g. DDD, Context Mapper DSL and tools
- Technology mapping:
 - HTTP POST, PUT, PATCH
 - Mutations in GraphQL



Information Holder Resource

	PATTERN: <u>INFORMATION HOLDER RESOURCE</u>
Problem	How can domain data be exposed in an API, but its implementation still be hidden? How can an API expose data entities so that API clients can access and/or modify these entities concurrently without compromising data integrity and quality?
Solution	Add an Information Holder Resource endpoint to the API, representing a data-oriented entity. Expose create, read, update, delete, and search operations in this endpoint to access and manipulate this entity. In the API implementation, coordinate calls to these operations to protect the data entity.

Forces:

- *Modeling approach* and its impact on coupling
- *Quality attribute conflicts and trade-offs* such as concurrency, consistency; data quality and integrity; recoverability and availability; mutability and immutability
- *Security*
- *Data freshness versus consistency*
- *Compliance with architectural design principles*

<https://api-patterns.org/patterns/responsibility/endpointRoles/InformationHolderResource>

Operational Data Holder

Forces

- *Processing speed* for content read and update operations
- Business *agility* and schema update *flexibility*
- *Conceptual integrity and consistency* of relationships

Problem

How can an API support clients that want to create, read, update, and/or delete instances of domain entities that represent operational data: data that is rather short-lived, changes often during daily business operations, and has many outgoing relations?

Solution

Tag an INFORMATION HOLDER RESOURCE as OPERATIONAL DATA HOLDER and add API operations to it that allow API clients to create, read, update, and delete its data often and fast.

Optionally, expose additional operations to give the OPERATIONAL DATA HOLDER domain-specific responsibilities. For instance, a shopping basket might offer fee and tax computations, product price update notifications, discounting, and other state-transitioning operations.

<https://api-patterns.org/patterns/responsibility/informationHolderEndpointTypes/OperationalDataHolder>

Master Data Holder

Known uses:

- Customer Relationship Management
- Product Inventory

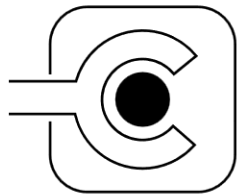
How can I design an API that provides access to master data that lives for a long time, does not change frequently, and will be referenced from many clients?

Forces:

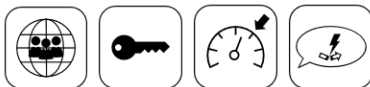
- Master data *quality*
- Master data *protection*
- *Data under external control*, for instance master data management systems

Mark an INFORMATION HOLDER RESOURCE to be a dedicated MASTER DATA HOLDER endpoint that bundles master data access and manipulation operations in such a way that the data consistency is preserved and references are managed adequately. Treat delete operations as special forms of updates.

<https://api-patterns.org/patterns/responsibility/informationHolderEndpointTypes/MasterDataHolder>



Google Calendar API v3



GET

Events: list

<https://www.googleapis.com/calendar/v3/calendars/calendarId/events>



Request



calendarId (path parameter)



Optional request parameters



timeMin



maxResults



orderBy



pageToken



Response



- etag

- nextPageToken

- items





Wish List Pattern (1/2)

- **Problem:**

- *How can an API client inform the API provider at runtime about data that it is interested in?*

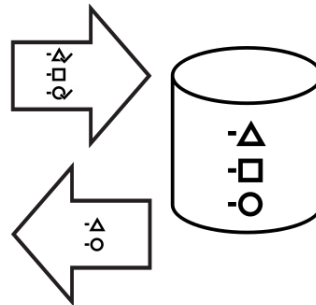
- **Forces:**

- Client diversity, message size vs. number of messages
- Endpoint complexity
- And more

<https://api-patterns.org/patterns/quality/dataTransferParsimony/WishList>

- **Solution:**

- *As an API client, provide a WISH LIST in the request that enumerates all desired data elements of the requested resource.*





Wish List Pattern (2/2)

- **Known uses:**

- Found in many Web and product APIs, e.g. Atlassian Jira

- **Variations:**

- Expansion, wild cards (*), query expression (GraphQL!)

- **Alternative:**

- Wish Template (structured, mock object rather than flat name list)

```
curl -X GET
http://localhost:8080/customers/gktlipwhjr?fields=
customerId,birthday,postalCode
```

```
{
  "customerId": "gktlipwhjr",
  "birthday": "1989-12-31T23:00:00.000+0000",
  "postalCode": "8640"
}
```

Error Report

<https://api-patterns.org/patterns/structure/specialPurposeRepresentations/ErrorReport>

```
curl -i -X POST \  
  --header "Content-Type: application/json" \  
  --data '{"username":"xyz","password":"wrong"}' \  
  http://localhost:8080/auth
```

```
HTTP/1.1 401  
Content-Type: application/json;charset=UTF-8  
Date: Wed, 20 Jun 2018 08:25:10 GMT  
  
{  
  "timestamp" : "2018-06-20T08:25:10.212+0000",  
  "status" : 401,  
  "error" : "Unauthorized",  
  "message" : "Access Denied",  
  "path" : "/auth"  
}
```



Special Purpose Representations

Error Report



How can an API provider inform its clients about communication and processing faults? How can this information be made independent of the underlying communication technologies and platforms (for example, protocol-level headers representing status codes)?

Therefore:

Reply with an error code in response messages that indicate and classify the faults in a simple, machine-readable way. In addition, add a textual description of the error for the API client stakeholders, including developers and/or end users such as administrators.

Known Use/Application Example: RFCs 9457 7807

Problem Details for HTTP APIs

1. [Introduction](#)
2. [Requirements Language](#)
3. [The Problem Details JSON Object](#)
 - 3.1. [Members of a Problem Details Object](#)
 - 3.1.1. ["type"](#)
 - 3.1.2. ["status"](#)
 - 3.1.3. ["title"](#)
 - 3.1.4. ["detail"](#)
 - 3.1.5. ["instance"](#)
 - 3.2. [Extension Members](#)
4. [Defining New Problem Types](#)
 - 4.1. [Example](#)
 - 4.2. [Registered Problem Types](#)
 - 4.2.1. [about:blank](#)
5. [Security Considerations](#)
6. [IANA Considerations](#)
7. [References](#)
 - 7.1. [Normative References](#)
 - 7.2. [Informative References](#)
- [Appendix A. JSON Schema for HTTP Problems](#)
- [Appendix B. HTTP Problems and XML](#)
- [Appendix C. Using Problem Details with Other Formats](#)

Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF)
Request for Comments: [9457](#)
Obsoletes: [7807](#)
Category: Standards Track
Published: July 2023
ISSN: 2070-1721

HTTP/1.1 403 Forbidden

Content-Type: application/problem+json

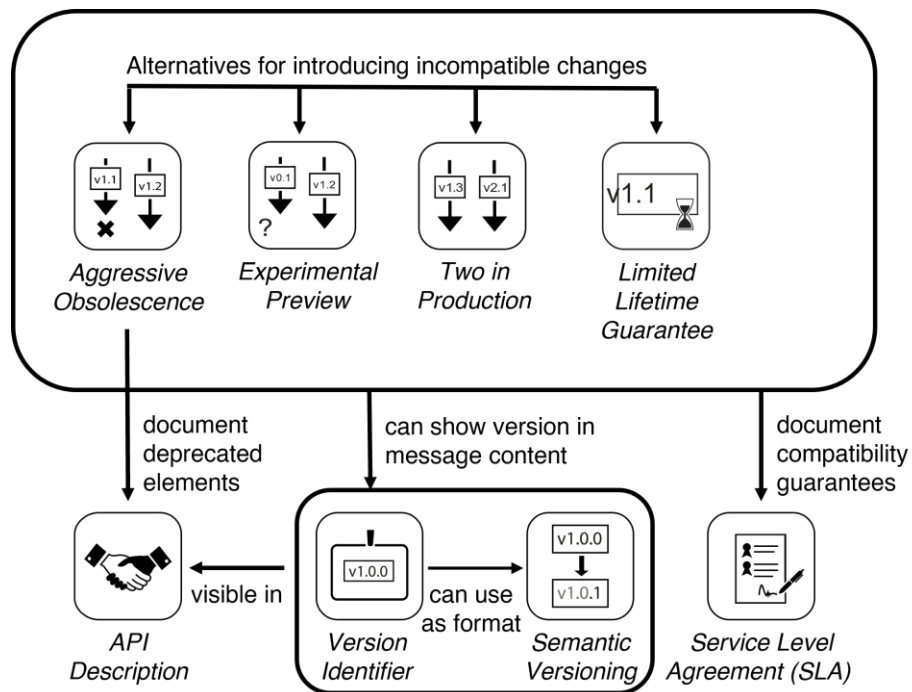
Content-Language: en

```
{
  "type": "https://example.com/probs/out-of-credit",
  "title": "You do not have enough credit.",
  "detail": "Your current balance is 30, but that costs 50.",
  "instance": "/account/12345/msgs/abc",
  "balance": 30,
  "accounts": ["/account/12345",
               "/account/67890"]
}
```

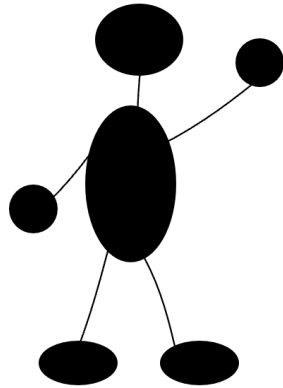
<https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc9457>

Evolution Patterns

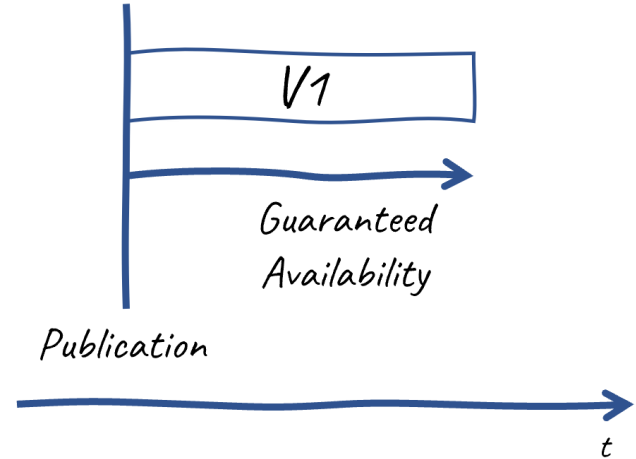
Reference: Patterns for API Design,
Addison Wesley 2022.



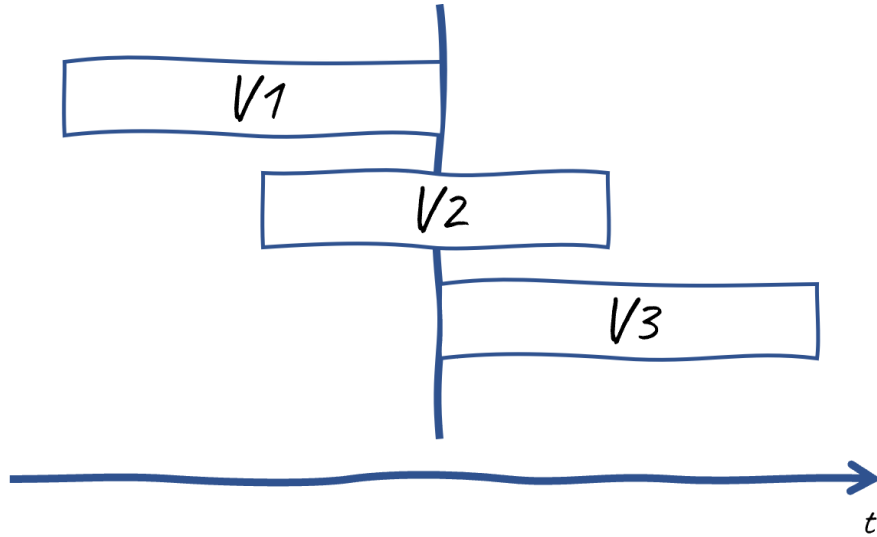
Limited Lifetime Guarantee



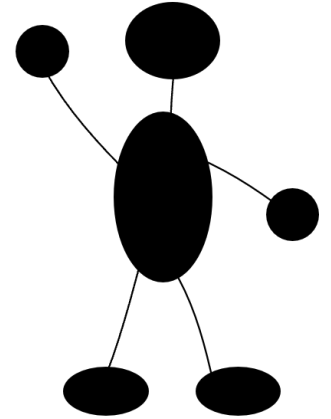
*Limited Lifetime
Guarantee*
*I can use this API for 2
years after ist release.*



Two in Production



Two In Production
I can use this API until
the version after next is
released.



Pattern Adoption Story

Pattern Adoption Story: Dutch Government & Energy Sector

15 Mar 2023

We are delighted to present our first web-exclusive pattern adoption story, contributed by our reader [Ton Donker](#).

In the pattern story [Dutch Government & Energy Sector](#), Ton shares some other well-known uses of the [Wish List](#), [Pagination](#), and [Error Report](#) patterns, as well as additional discussion points and recommended reading.

The Wish List pattern is widely used in Dutch government APIs. One implementation hint is to distinguish between different variants of [Metadata Elements](#) by prefixing them in the query string:

To distinguish between 'real' query parameters and the more 'steering' or 'meta' parameters like expand, fields, limit and page, we – the Dutch Energy sector API Working Group – advocate the usage of an underscore prefix, so `_fields`, `_expand`, `_limit` and `_page` to prevent misinterpretation of the function of the query parameters.

This pattern adoption story was contributed by [Ton Donker](#), [Ruben Haasjes](#) and their readers group. It covers the 21 patterns presented as [API Design Pattern of the Week](#) on LinkedIn and Medium as well as other patterns. This page features [part 1 of 5](#) ([part 2](#), [part 3](#), [part 4](#), [part 5](#)).



WISH LIST

<https://api-patterns.org/book/pattern-adoption-story-1>

API First (with ADDR and PfAD)



API First

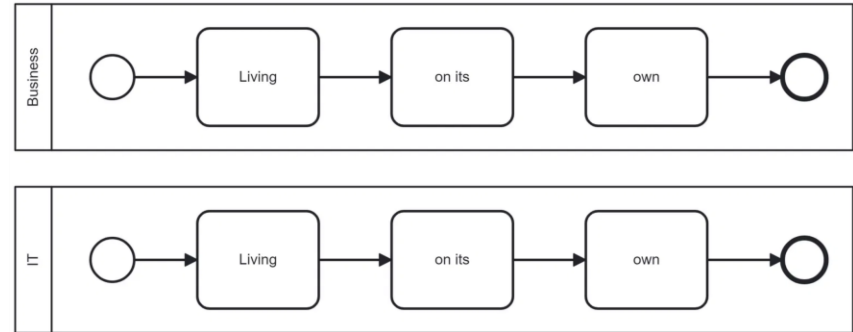
- “API-first organizations develop APIs before writing other code, instead of treating them as afterthoughts.” <https://www.postman.com/api-first/>
- Develop API Contract in different state of mind
- Do not accidentally expose internals

APIs Model Business Capabilities



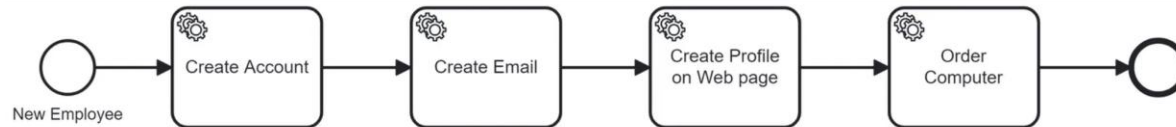
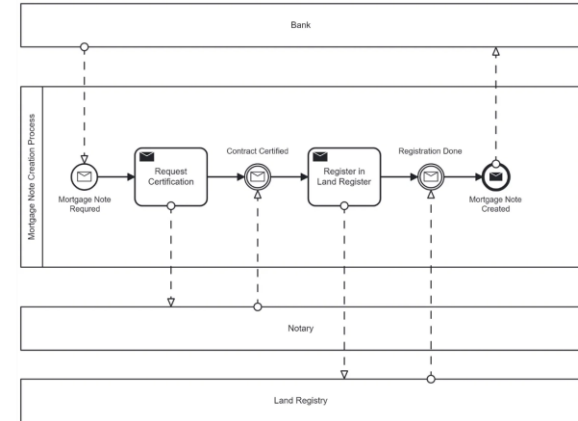
The Alignment Problem

- Business talks in processes and outcomes
- IT talks in systems, services and APIs
- Missing shared context results in fragmented systems and duplicate APIs



Every API Lives Inside (at least) a Process

- Processes define **when** and **why** APIs are called
- Clarify data ownership, order, and responsibility
- Process context prevents building "accidental APIs"



Business processes are the top in top-down design



Of course, we learned to combine top-down and bottom-up
bottom-up design



| ... to APIs

- Likely candidates for APIs are:
 - Service Tasks
 - Sub-Processes
 - Any transition between different participants
- May be synchronous, event-driven, message-based, AI, ...



Single Objects vs Request Bundles

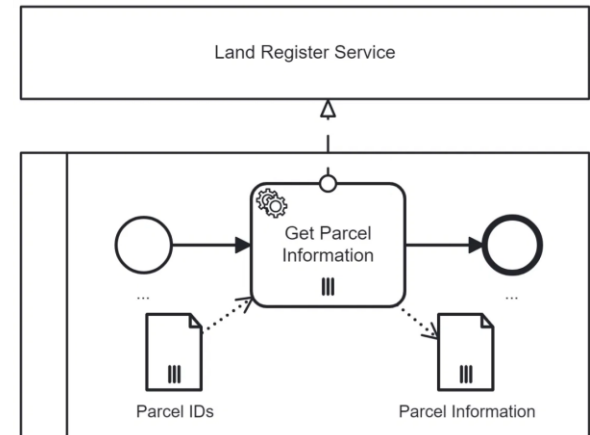
- Processes reveal whether you handle single entities or batches
- Example: One invoice vs Invoice Batch upload
- API design must reflect that granularity

```
for parcelId in ParcelIds {  
    parcelInfos. add (  
        landRegisterService. getParcelInformation    (parcelId)  
    );  
}
```

<https://api-patterns.org/patterns/quality/dataTransferParsimony/RequestBundle>

Pattern: Request Bundle

How can the number of requests and responses be reduced to increase communication efficiency?



Domain-Driven API Design

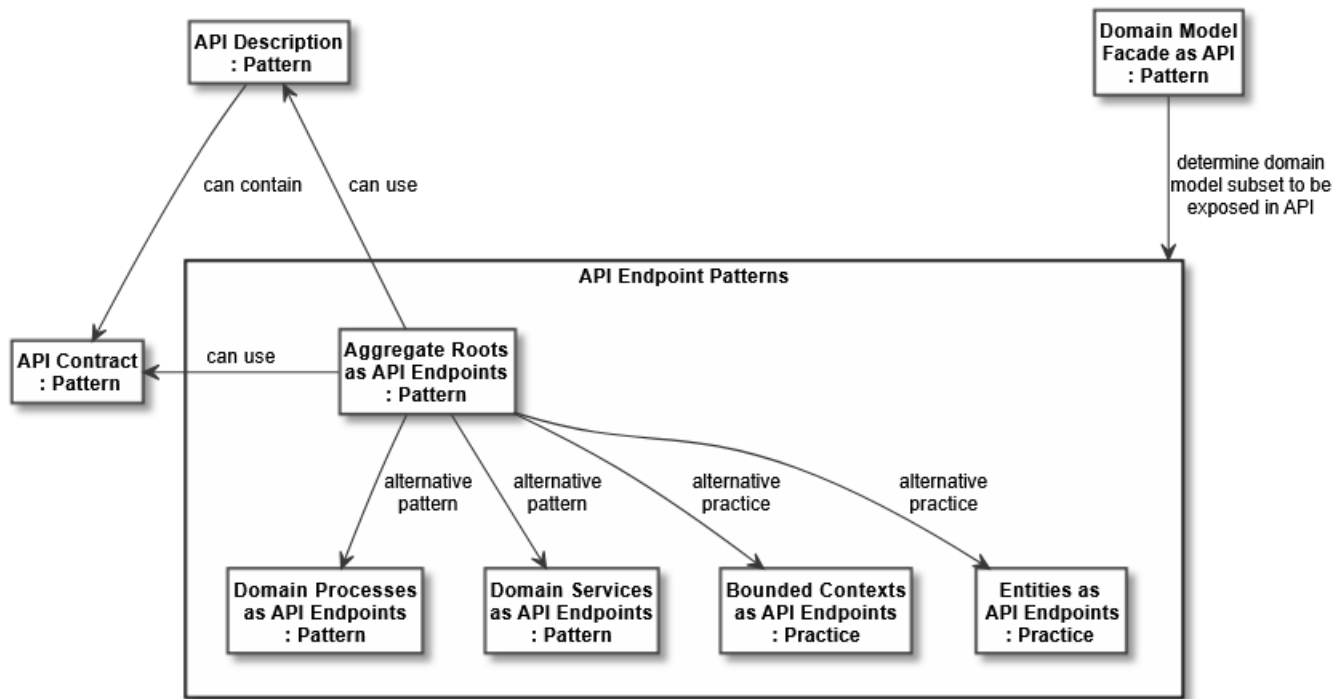


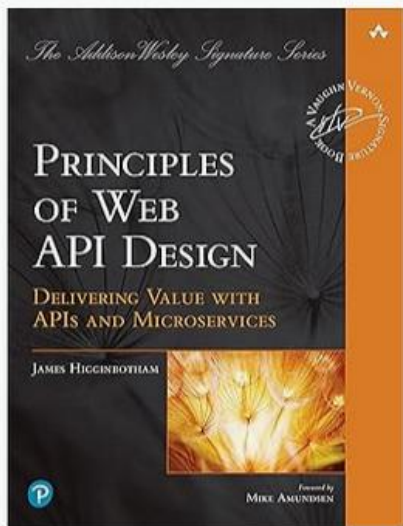
Figure 4: Overview of the patterns for how to derive API endpoints from domain model elements

What is the development process?

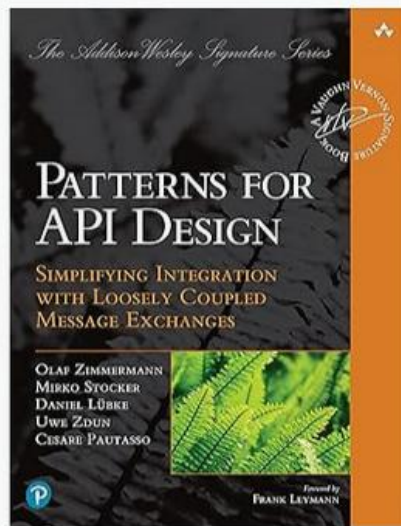
(In which order should I do things?)



Frequently bought together



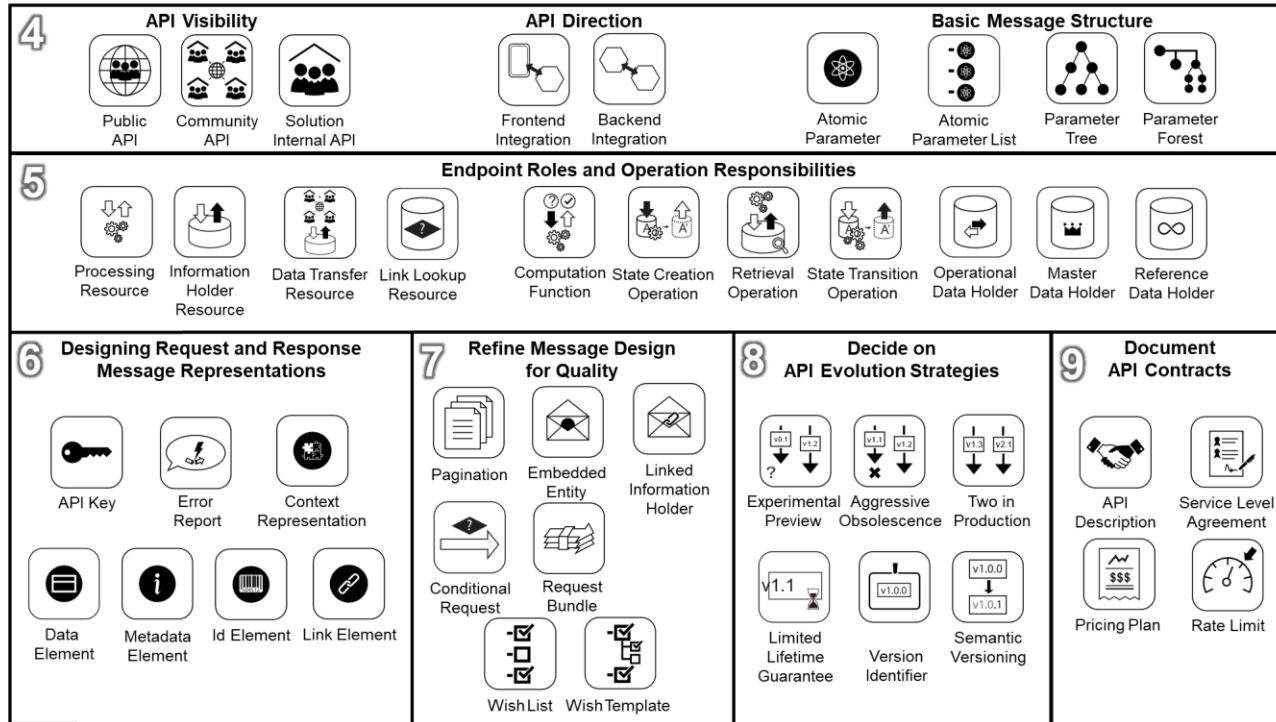
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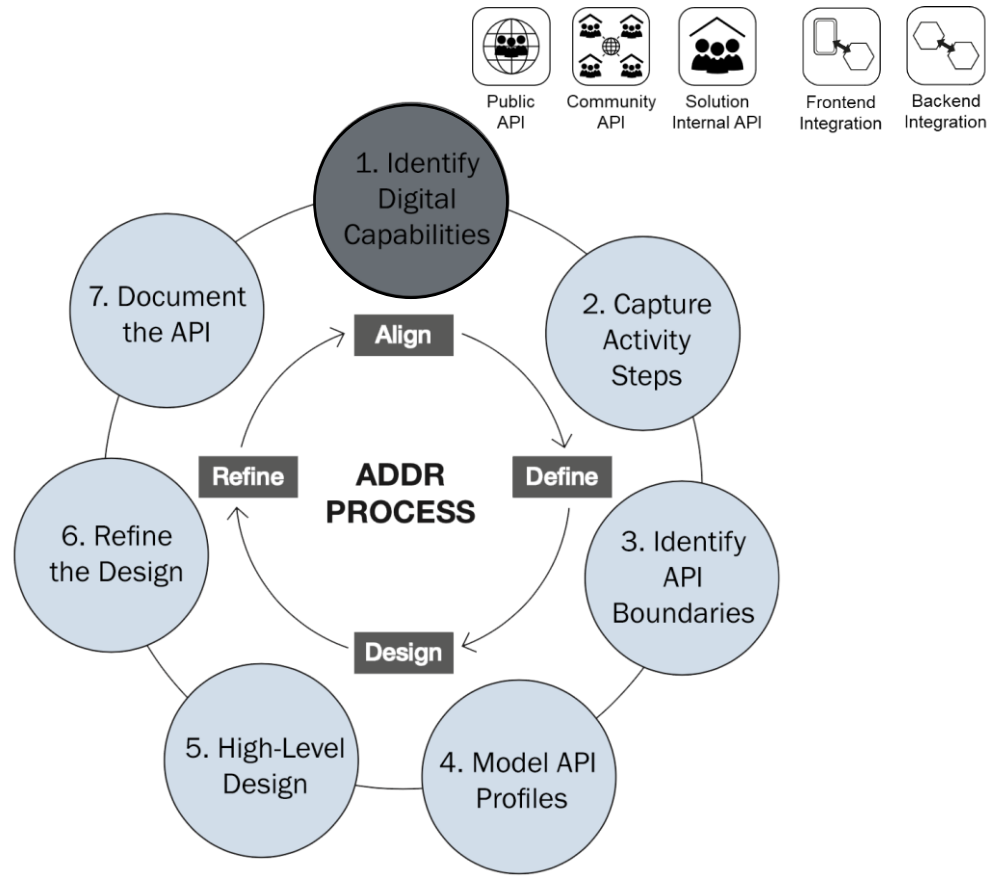


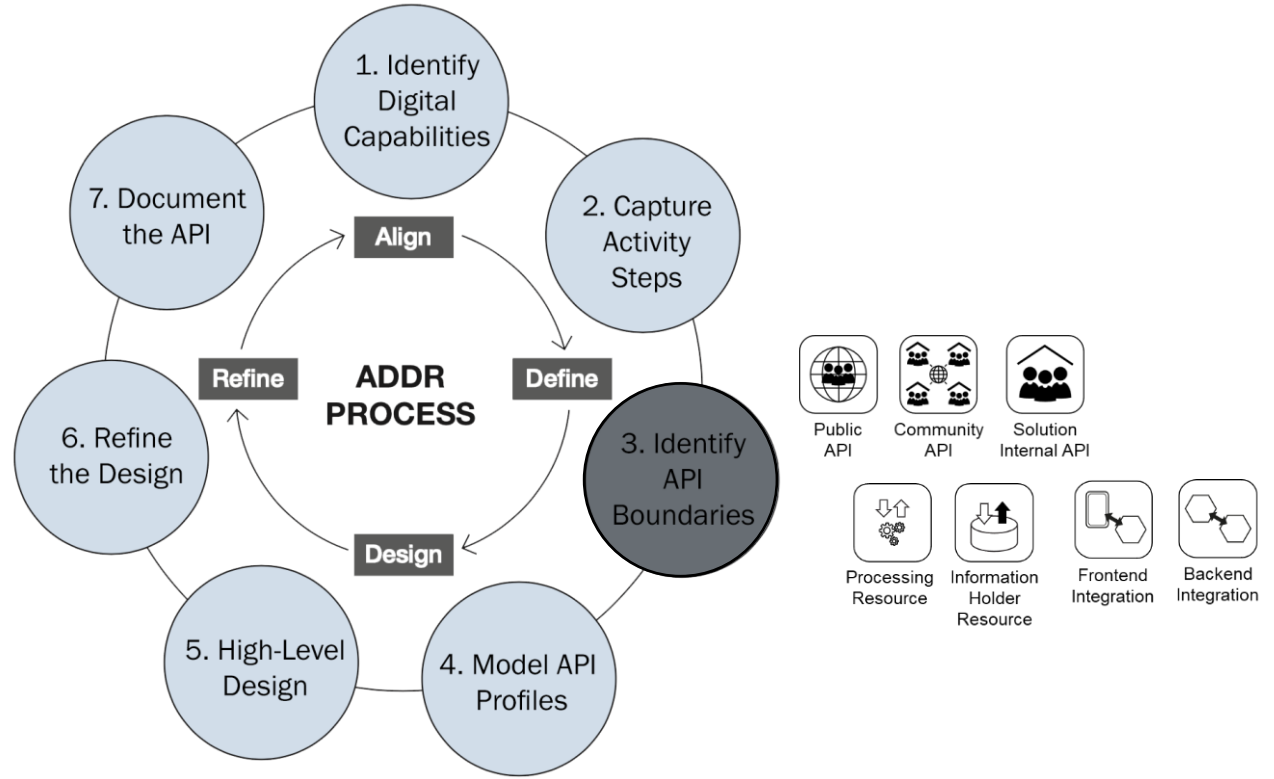
This item: Principles of Web API Design: Delivering Value with APIs and Microservices (Addiso...

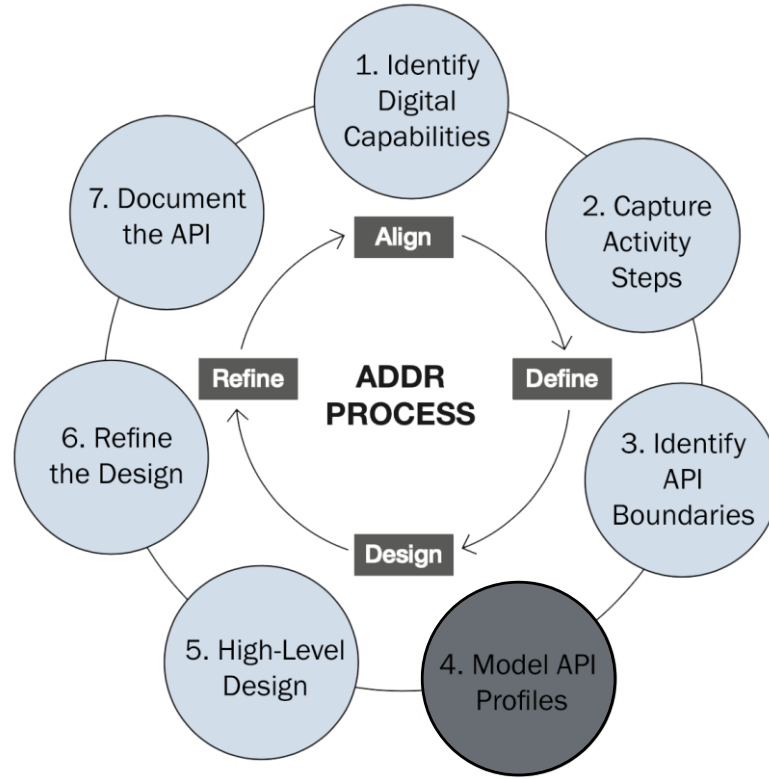
Patterns for API Design: Simplifying Integration with Loosely Coupled Message...

Design Patterns as a Checklist









Data Transfer
Resource



Link Lookup
Resource



Computation
Function



State Creation
Operation



Retrieval
Operation



State Transition
Operation



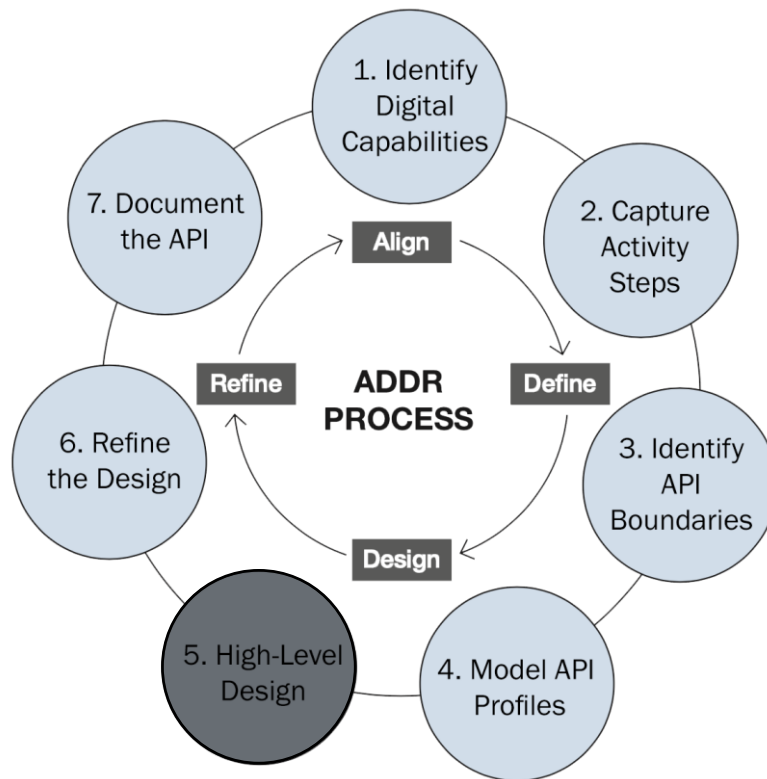
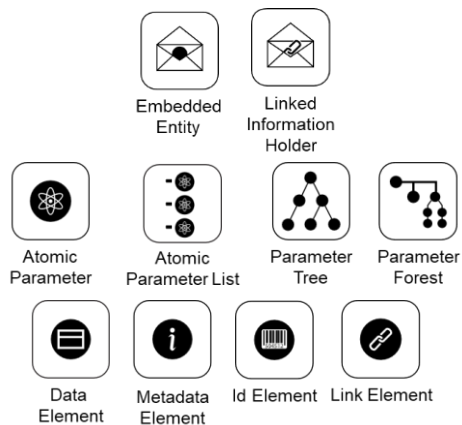
Operational
Data Holder

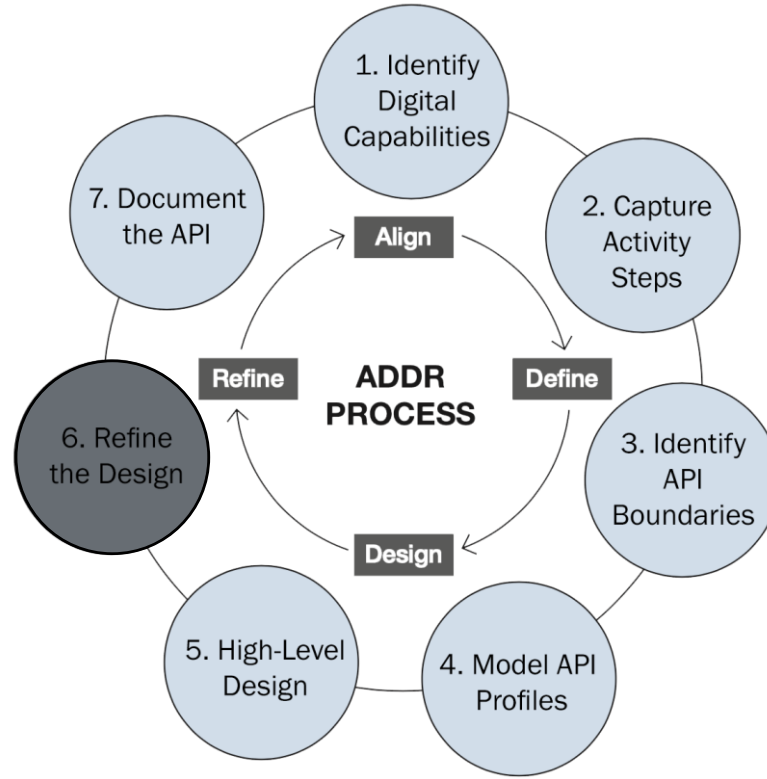
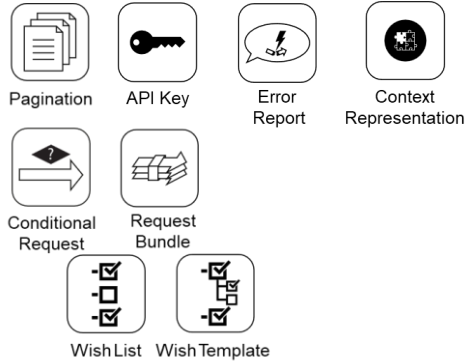


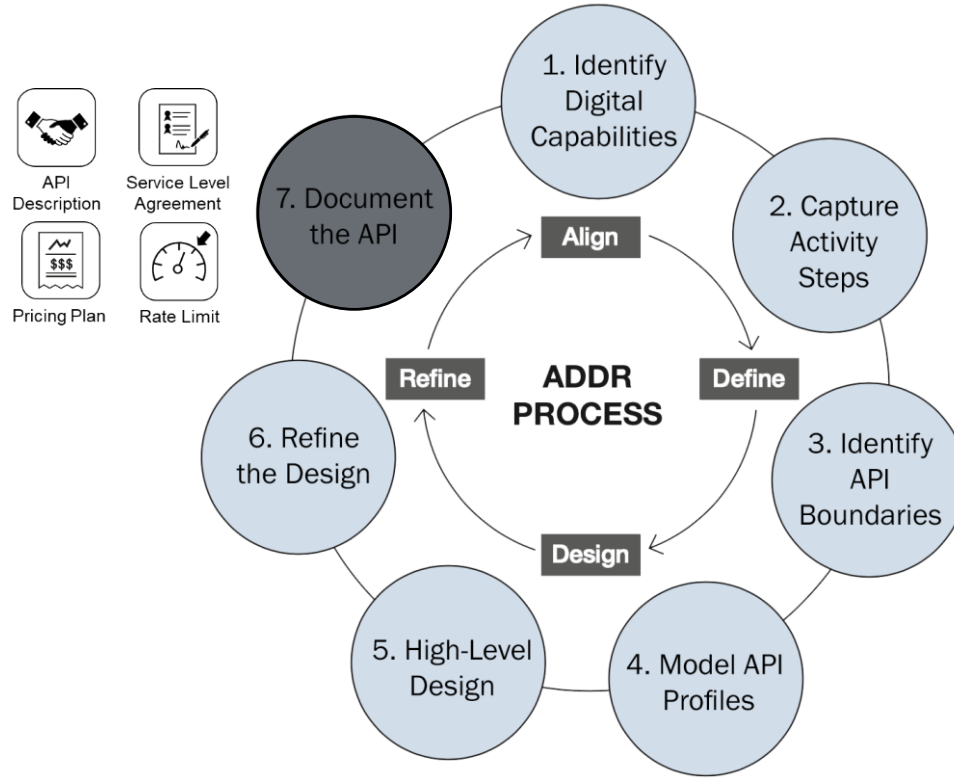
Master
Data Holder

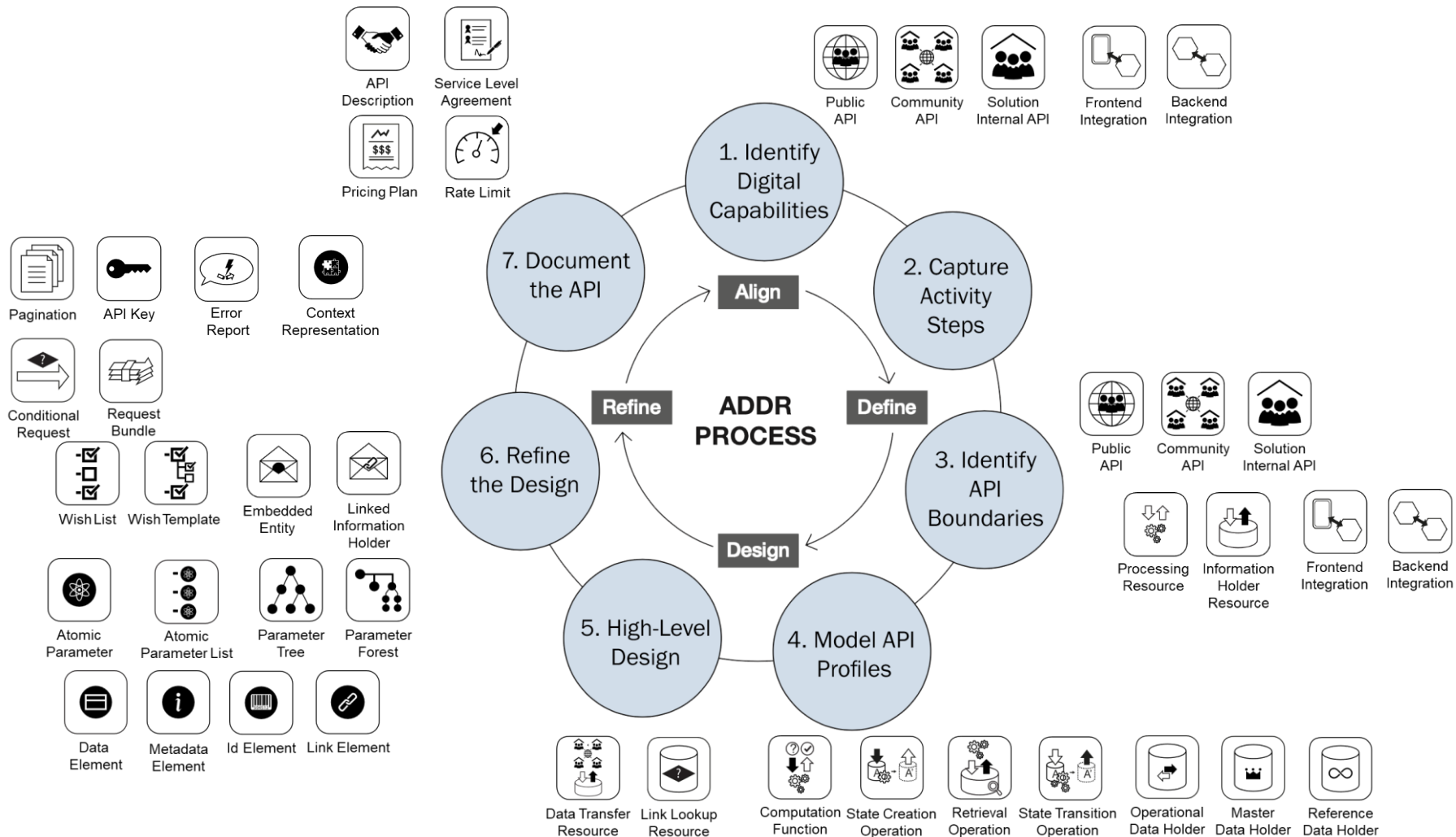


Reference
Data Holder

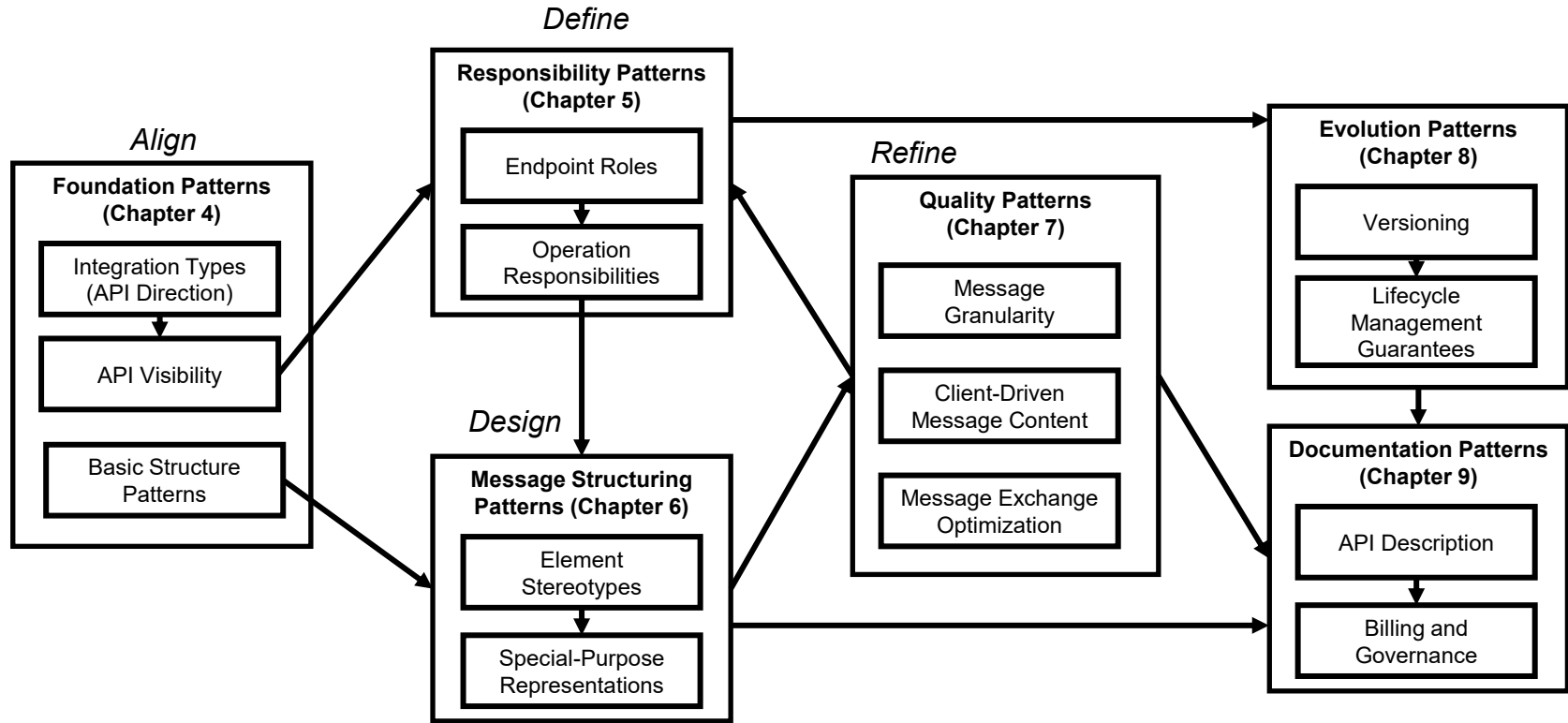








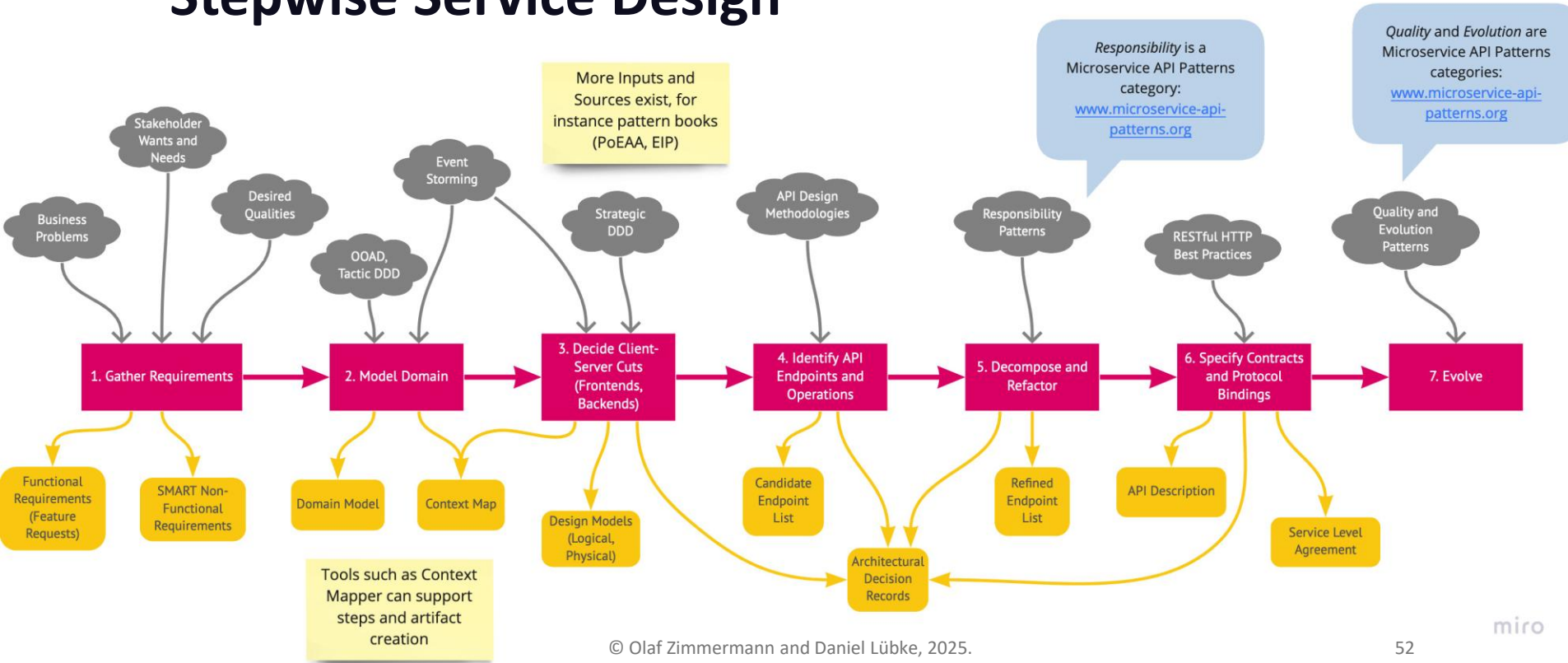
Patterns for API Design: Chapter/Category MAP



Outlook and Summary



Design Practice Repository (DPR) Practice: “Stepwise Service Design”



What to do next?

- Use API design patterns (ours, others) as checklist, as documentation tool
 - *See examples in this presentation*
- Make API design patterns part of your personal API design process
 - *Or community guidelines?*
- Donate known uses and discussion input:
 - *As Ton and team did: <https://api-patterns.org/book/pattern-adoption-story-1>*
- **Afternoon sessions:**
 - *Top 5 patterns deep dive (interest-driven, interactive)*
 - *Asynchronous APIs: questions, options, criteria (design space discussion)*

Professional Services & Research Project(s)

- Digital Solution Architecture: <https://www.digital-solution-architecture.com> or email Daniel
- Research project: ["Towards Sustainable Software Architectures for Cyber-physical Systems of Systems"](#)
 - *The IoT and CPSS have many APIs... requirements and decision modelling input very welcome!*
- JSS Dear Researchers column to narrow gap between practice (you!) and academia



<https://www.sciencedirect.com/special-issue/10DML17WPDQ>



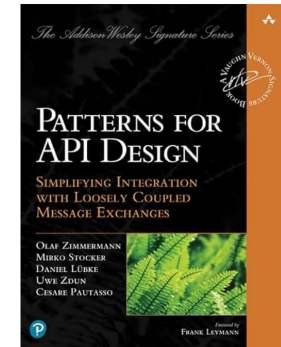
Summary

<https://api-patterns.org/book/>

- *API design is a wicked problem, many criteria and options, no single optimal solution*
- *API first: Business processes and domain models shape API purpose and structure*
- *API processes/guidelines and patterns complement each other nicely*
- *Patterns establish a common vocabulary, report proven solutions, serve as checklists*
- *“Patterns for API Design” available online, in articles, in book*



Slides



Thank you for your attention!

Are there any questions?



Slides

The Addison-Wesley Signature Series



PATTERNS FOR API DESIGN

SIMPLIFYING INTEGRATION
WITH LOOSELY COUPLED
MESSAGE EXCHANGES

OLAF ZIMMERMANN
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